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EUROPEPLAND– Implementing a trans-EUROpean PEPper LANDrace collection for resilient agriculture

30 October 2024, Almeria, Spain







AGRICULTURAL ACADEMY INSTITUTE OF PLANT GENETIC RESOURCES "KONSTANTIN MALKOV" – SADOVO







Location – Central-Southern Bulgaria Altitude – 158 m North latitude – 41°90' East longitude – 24°57' Average annual rainfall – 548,0 mm Relative humidity – 71,2 % Average annual temperature – 12,3° C

OUR MISSION

Preservation, management and sustainable use of plant genetic resources in Bulgaria for present and future generations



DEPARTMENT OF PLANT GENETIC RESOURCES

Enrichment of collections

- collection missions by National and International projects



- international free exchange by SMTA
- varieties and lines from the breeding programs

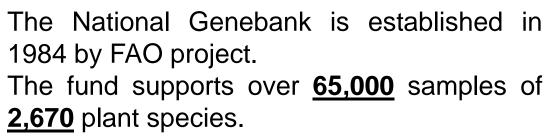
As a result of the complex evaluation <u>core collections</u>, which represent the genetic diversity have been created.





NATIONAL GENEBANK





Three collections are maintained:

- ✤ Base collection long-term storage at –18°C
- ✤ Work collection at +6°C
- ✤ Collection for free exchange







SAFETY DUPLICATION OF BULGARIAN PGR COLLECTION



2,119 Bulgarian local accessions from:

- cereals
- legumes
- oil and industrial crops
- vegetables
- medicinal and aromatic species









Project activities on pepper



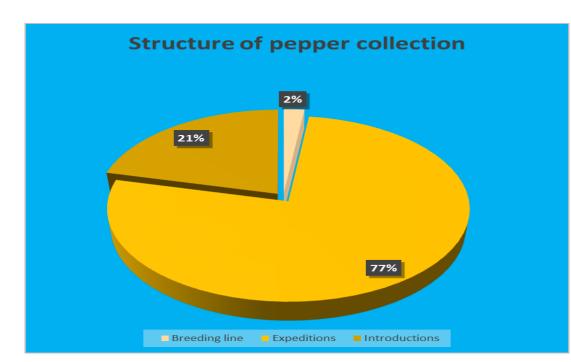
We have done a number of projects on peppers:

"Phenotyping and genotyping of pepper (*Capsicum annuum L*.) samples originating in the Balkans to create a core-collection". During the implementation of the project biological, morphological, and biochemical properties of 80 accessions are studied.

"Conservation and use of the biodiversity of vegetable, medicinal and aromatic plants on the territory of Bulgaria and the Republic of North Macedonia". The pepper collection is enriched with 36 local accessions

"Collection, research, reproduction and preservation of local plant geneplasm of vegetable, medicinal and aromatic species in Bulgaria and China" The pepper collection is enriched with 117 accessions. "Exploration of Balkan biodiversity of Capsicum spp. to extract biotic stress resistant germplasm" SEE-ERA.NET PLUS. During the implementation of this project two main tasks are realisationed - collect, describe and explore the existing Capsicum biodiversity in the partner countries (Albania, Bulgaria, Republic of North Macedonia, Greece and Serbia) and to update knowledge about the most economically important and emerging pathogens on Capsicum in the Balkan region.

The Capsicum spp. Collection



Capsicum annum -99% Capsicum frutescens, Capsicum chinense -1%

N₂	Country	Pepper
		accessions
1	Hungary	171
2	Germany	60
3	Russia	47
4	USA	29
5	Nederland	25
6	China	21
7	Japan	21
8	Greece	18
9	Serbia	17
10	France	14
11	Israel	13
12	Taiwan	8
13	Turkey	7
14	Span	7
15	Bolivia	6
16	Denmark	6
17	Poland	4
18	Great Britain	3
19	Italy	3
20	Chile	2
21	Czech Republic	2
22	Korean	2
23	Romania	2
24	Ukraine	2
25	Cuba	1
26	Peru	1
27	Jamaica	1



Pepper landraces collection diversity

The pepper collection of the Institute of Plant Genetic Resources Sadovo includes - introduced 460 accessions, Bulgarian landraces and local populations from expeditions - 1760 accessions and 47 breeding lines. Pepper is characterization, according to the Descriptors for Capsicum, (Capsicum spp., IPGRI 1995) of their biological, morphological, agronomic, biochemical properties.













Pepper landraces collection diversity

The collection encloses both sweet and hot types with different level of pungency. All type of size (small, medium, large) and shapes (elongate, almost round, triangular, campanulate, block), fruit colour at immature stage from white to dark green turning from yellow, orange and red at maturity are presented.





Pepper landraces collection diversity



