

Wild carrot in France : Collection & genetic diversity

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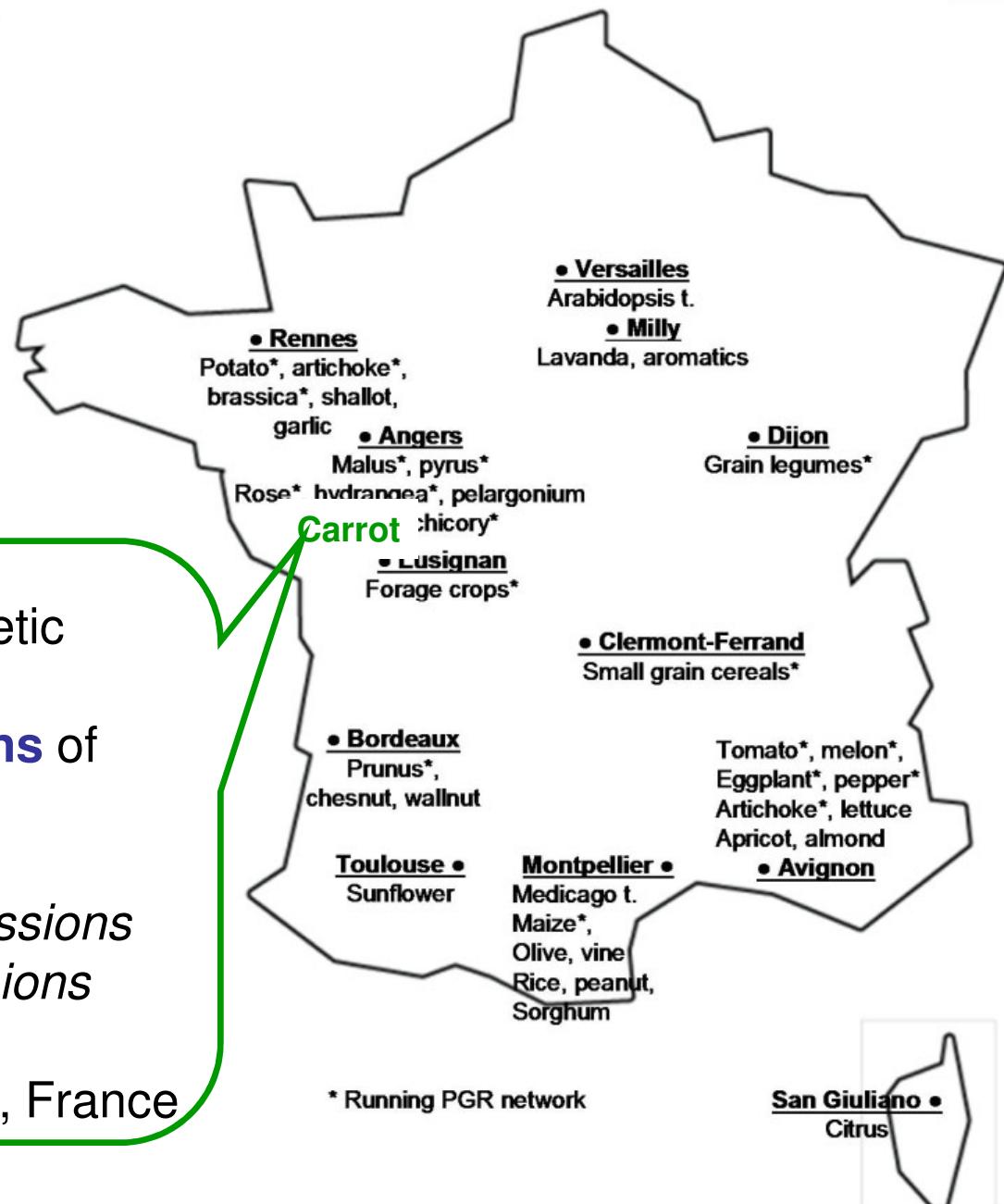
⁵ Conservatoire Botanique National de Corse, Office de l'Environnement de la Corse, Corte

Carrot and other *Daucus* genetic resources network

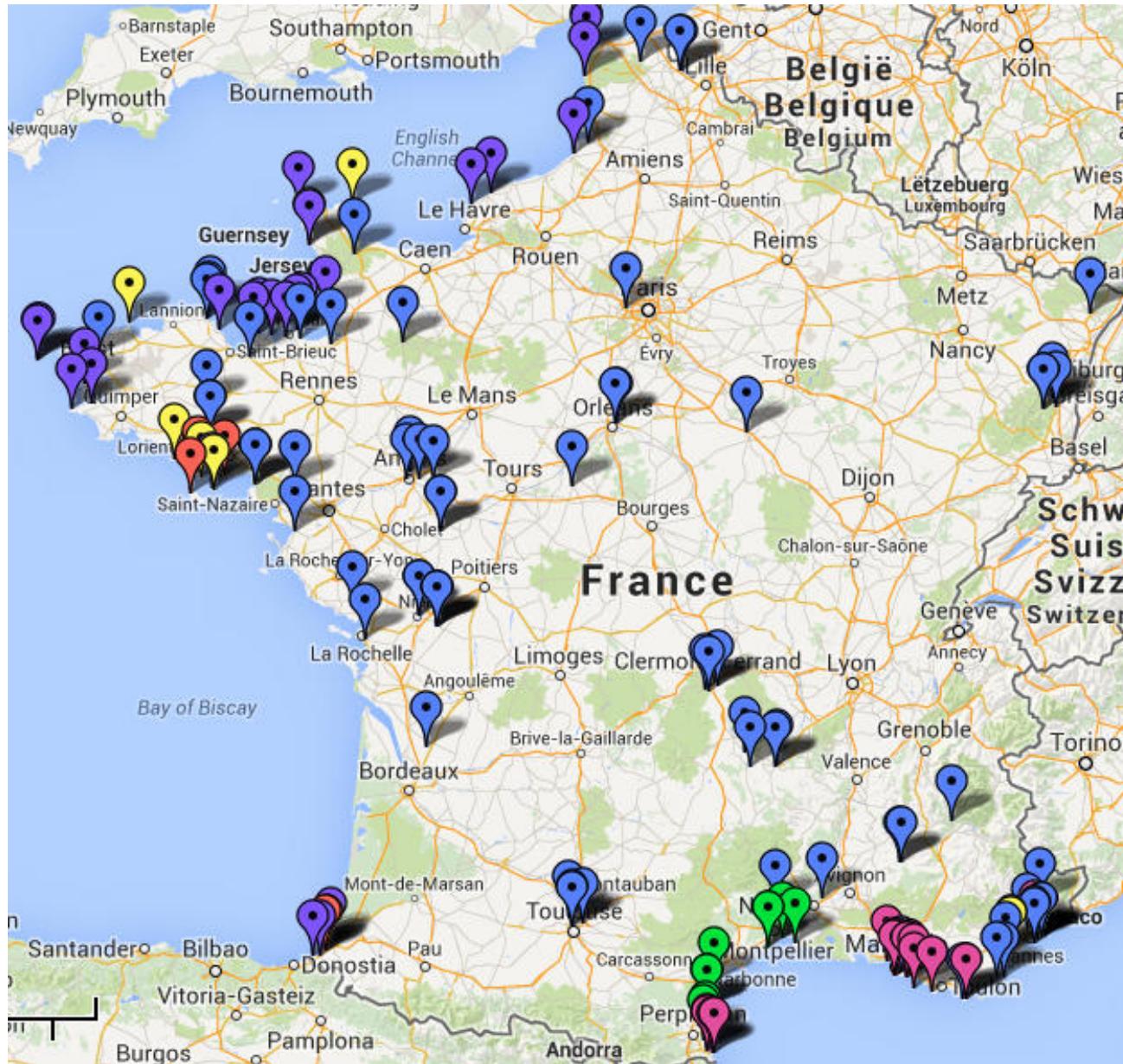
Vegetable Apiaceae collections of Center for biological resources

253 cultivated patrimonial accessions
194 carrot wild relatives accessions

Angers, France



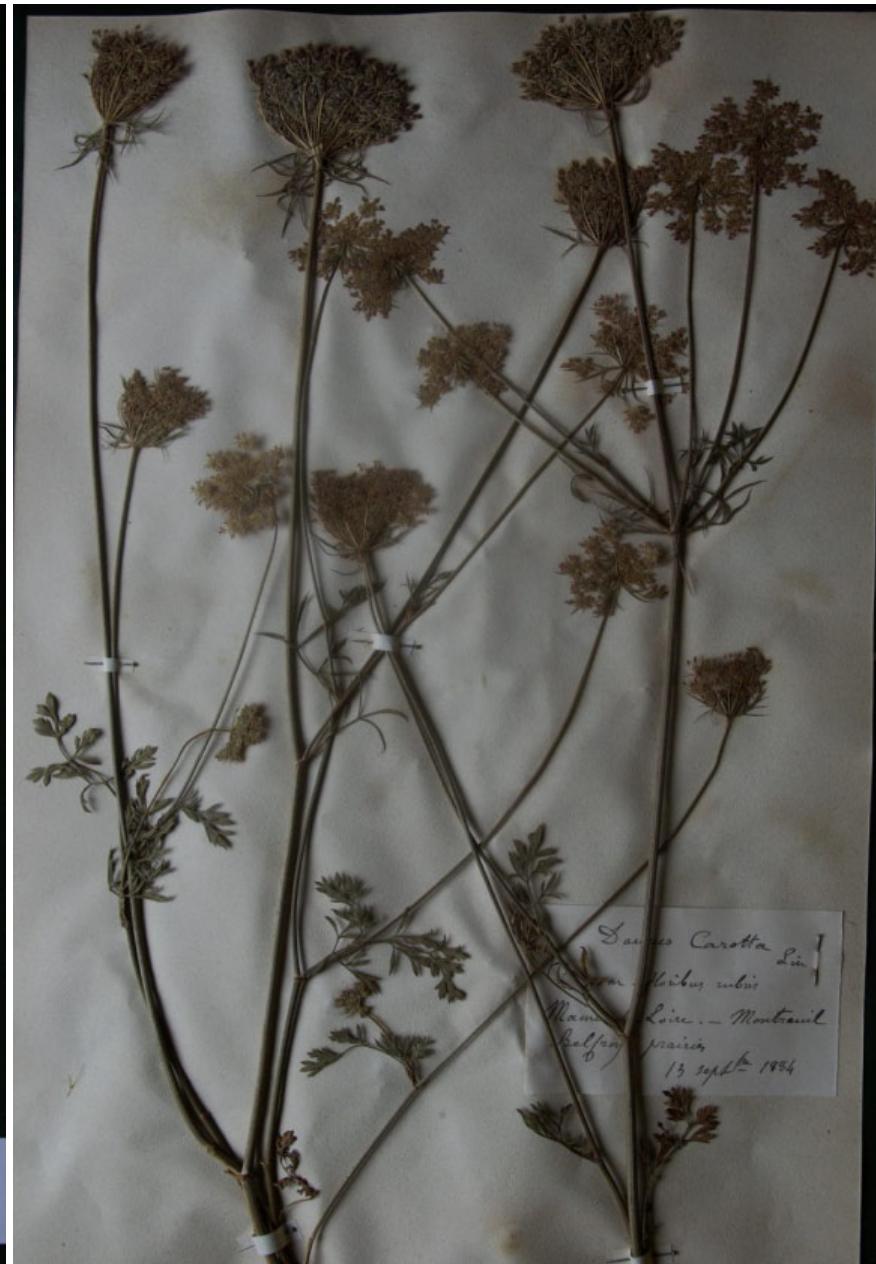
Collecting activities in continental France and Corsica - 2002-2014



-> 150 accessions
 - Coll Botanical
 conservation centers
 - 2 main biotopes



Prospections in continental France and Corsica - Herbarium work



Prospections in continental France and Corsica - Biotopes / taxon



***var carota*, Auvergne**

Prospections in continental France and Corsica -Biotopes / taxon



var gummifer, Brittany

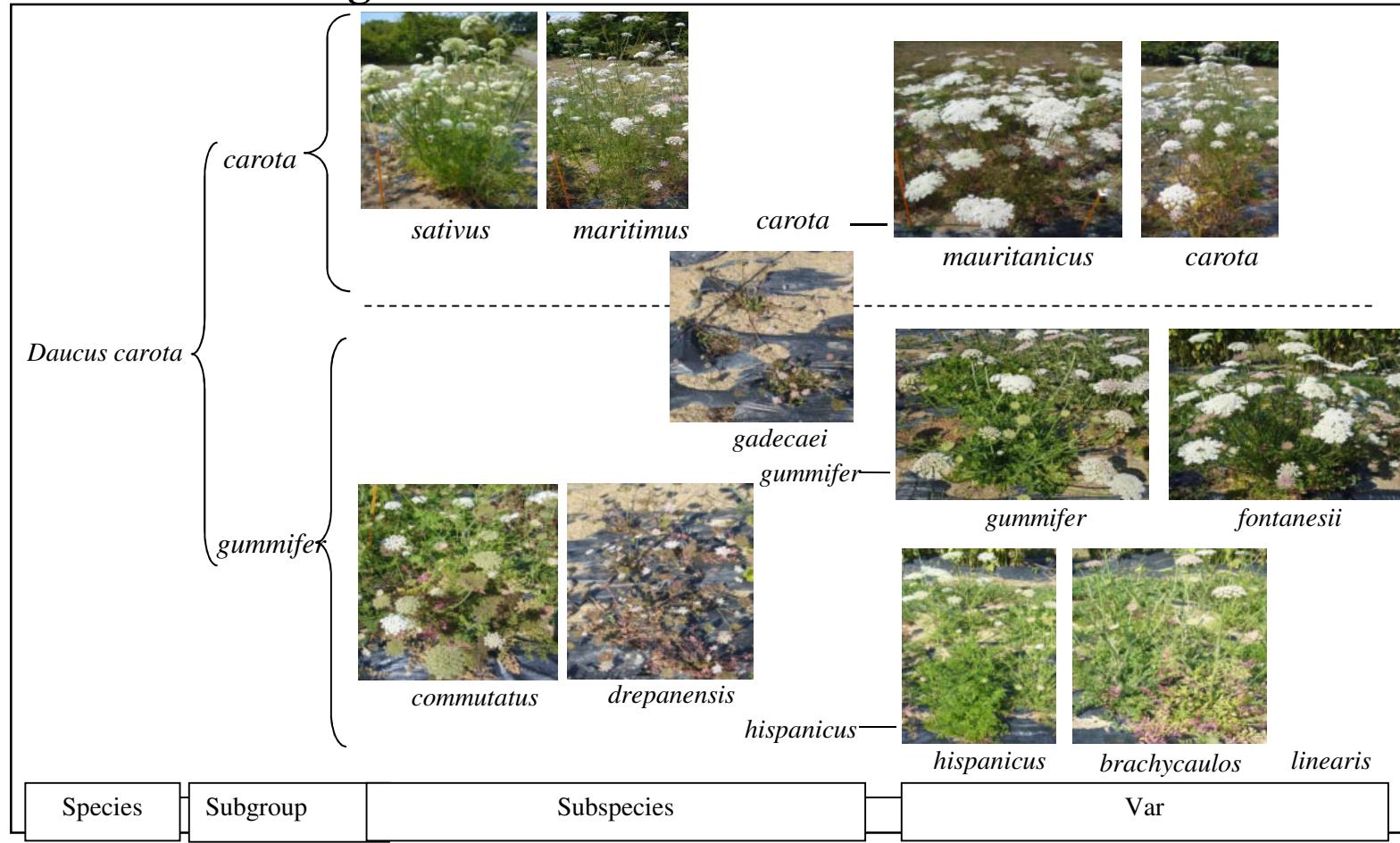


Subsp commutatus, Corsica



***Subsp drepanensis*, Corsica**

- ✓ Large geographical distribution
- ✓ Several levels of complexity : environmental plasticity, high diversity, hybridization
- ✓ Taxonomical organization



Subgroup *carota*

- Bisannual or annual
- Upright
- Not gummy
- Thin & dull leaves
- Narrow segments
- Leaf gradient present
- Linear bracts
- Umbel in nest (fruit)
- Thin rays
- Fruit > 2 x long/large
- Thin and elongated spines
not confluent at the base
- Continental (or sea-coast)



Subgroup *gummifer*

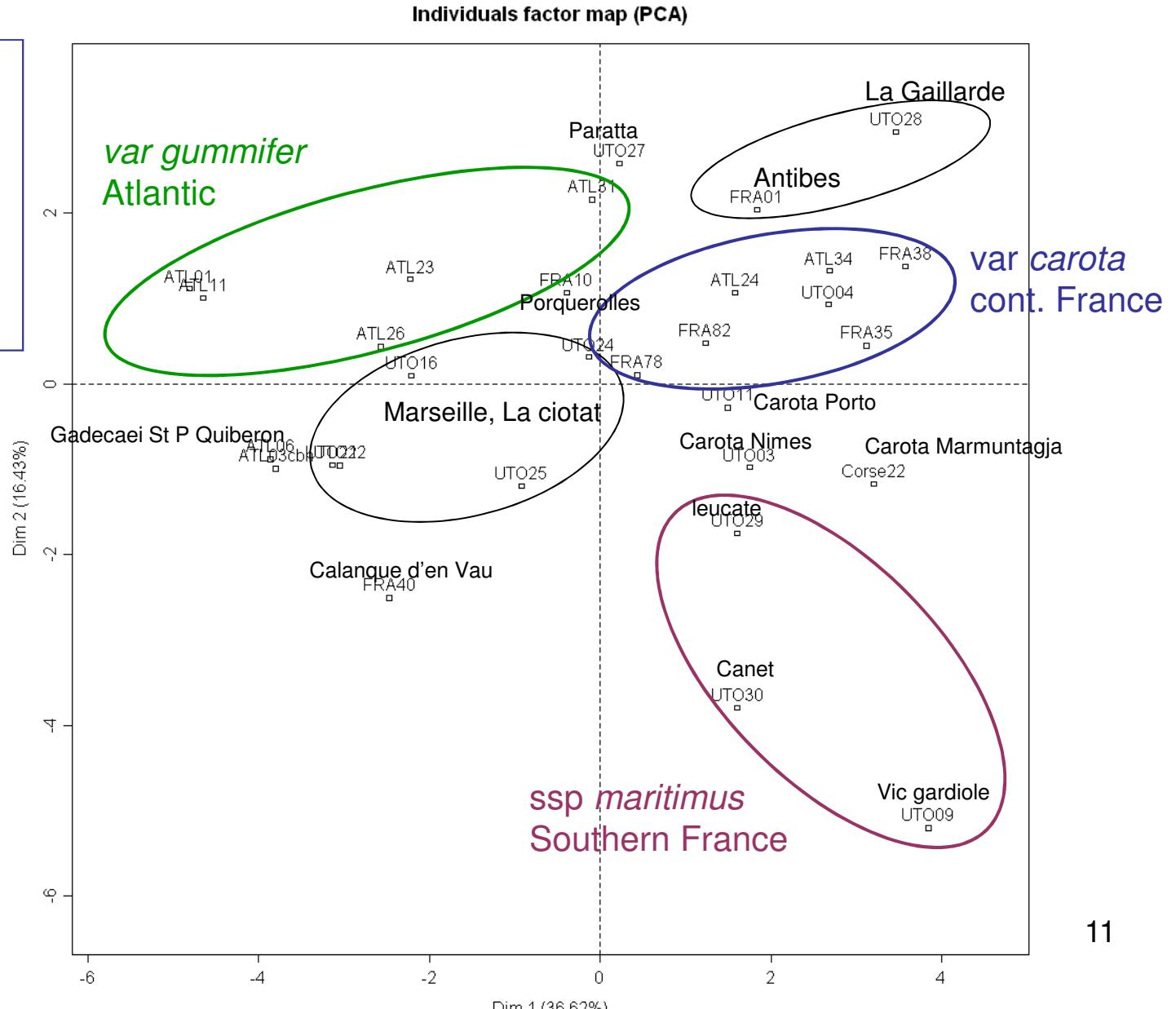
- Often pluriannual
- Stocky
- Gummy
- Thick and shiny leaves
- Broad segments
- Leaf gradient weak
- Lanceolate bracts
- Umbel spread (fruit)
- Thick rays
- Fruit < 2 x long/large
- Shorter and arched spines,
often confluent at the base
- Always sea-coast

(Reduron, 2007)

[subgroup = group of various subspecies and varieties]

- 19 Morph. traits
- General habit (3)
- Leaf (5)
- Flowering umbel (4)
- Fruiting umbel (2)
- Fruit (5)

30 populations



Conclusions

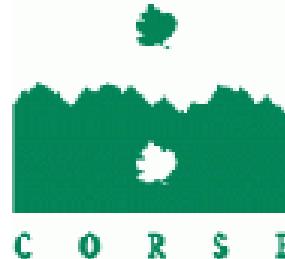
- Importance of morphological traits for taxonomy and management
- SSR markers complementary

- Need for characterization effort of accessions
- Strategy for PGR conservation and valorization

Acknowledgements



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Conservatoires Botaniques Nationaux:
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Wild carrot in France : Management practices

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Seed collecting

- Big enough populations
- Collecting seeds on > 80 plants
- Randomized collecting
- No selection
- Biotope and population criteria registration
- Mature seeds
- Collaboration with botanical conservatories



- 4°C, 40% RH
- No spine cleaning
- Various level of dormancy
- Seed washing before sowing or germination test
- Germination wild seeds : 30 to 80%...

Seed production

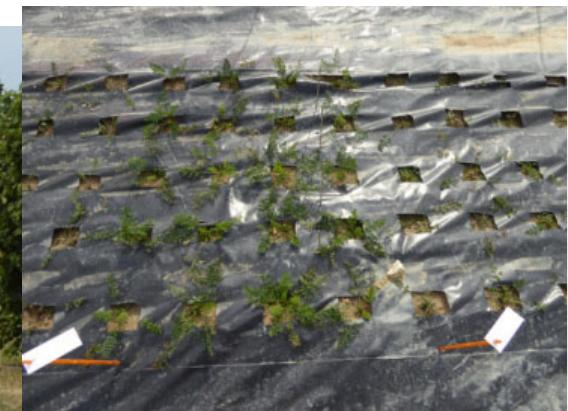
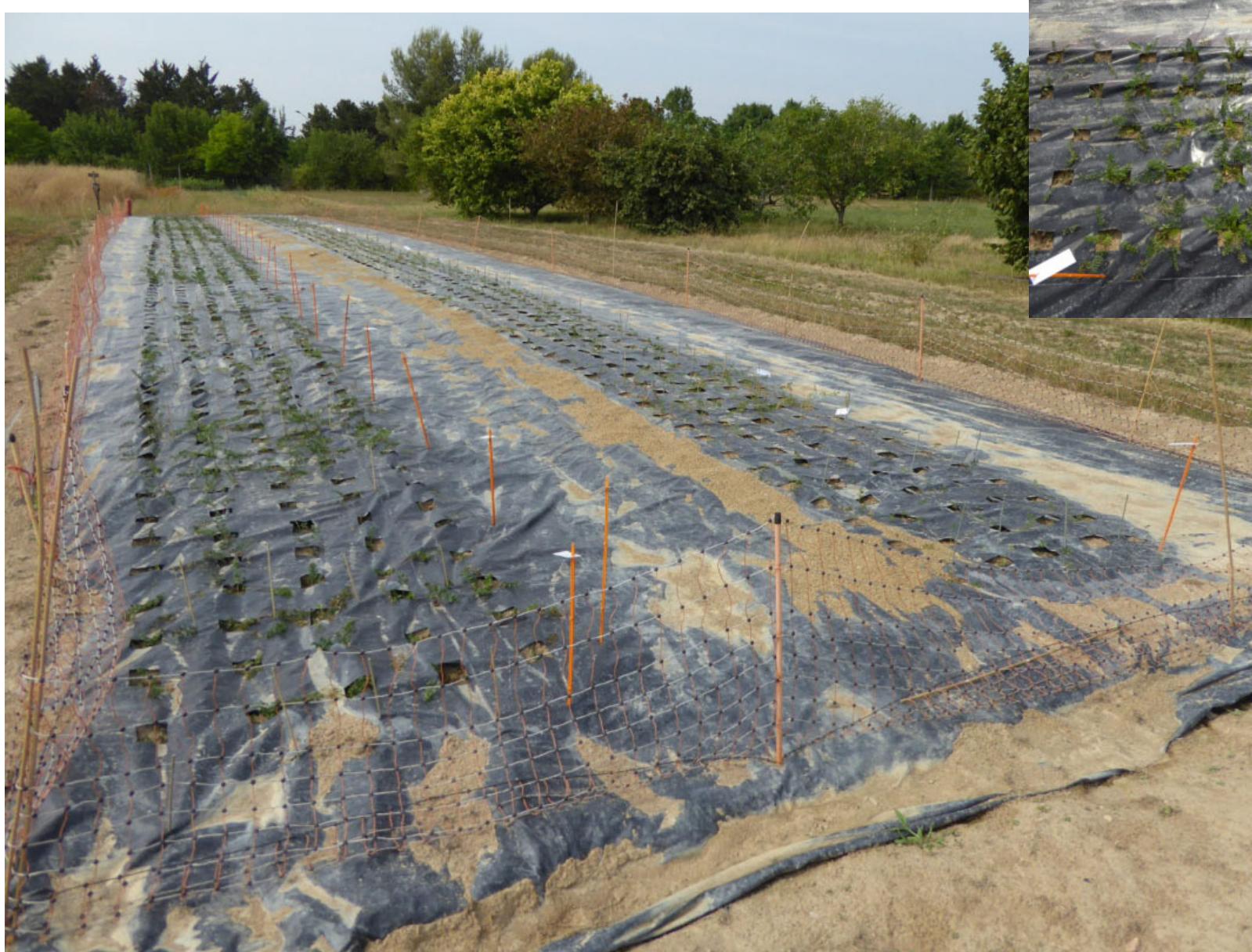


- Short list of typical populations
- Adapted cycle
- Comparison wild/agronomic seeds

Sowing in trays



Carrotdiverse trial Angers 2017



Stability of traits (field/nature) & characterization



The issue of taxonomical identification

subsp gadecaei



Control

No : gummifer

No : gummifer

The issue of taxonomical identification

subsp *commutatus*



Control

Yes

yes

No : gummifer

Conclusions

- Wild carrot different management from cultivated
- Need for an adapted germination test
- Importance of taxonomic verification